

Barcelona Supercomputing Center Centro Nacional de Supercomputación



Programming Distributed Computing Platforms with COMPSs

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Workflows & Distributed Computing Group

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Barcelona

Outline

Day 1

- Roundtable (9:30 10:00): Presentation and background of participants
- Session 1 (10:00 10:30): Introduction to COMPSs
 - Motivation
 - Setup of tutorial environment
- Session 2 (10:30-11:15): PyCOMPSs: Writing Python applications
- Coffee break (11:15 11:45)
- Session 3 (11:45 a 13.00) Python Hands-on using Jupyter notebooks
- Lunch break (13:00-14:30)
- Session 4 (14:30 15:00) Machine learning with dislib
- Session 5 (15:00 16:30): Hands-on with dislib
- SLIDES
 - <u>http://compss.bsc.es/releases/tutorials/tutorial-PATC_2020/</u>



Outline

Day 2

- Session 6 (9:30-11:00): Java & C++
 - Writing Java applications
 - Java Hands-on + debug
 - C++ Syntax
- Coffee break (11:00 11:30)
- Session 7 (11:30-13:00): COMPSs Advanced Features
 - Using binaries and MPI code, Fault Tolerance and Exception management, Numba
 - COMPSs execution environment
- Lunch break (13:00 14:30)
- Session 8 (14:30-16:30): Cluster Hands-on (MareNostrum)
- COMPSs Installation & Final Notes





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INTRODUCTION

Motivation

- New complex architectures constantly emerging
 - With their own way of programming them
 - Fine grain: e.g. Programming models and APIs to run with GPUs, NVMs (Non-Volatile Memories)
 - Coarse grain: e.g. APIs to deploy in Clouds
 - **Difficult** for programmers
 - Higher learning curve / Time To Market (TTM)
 - What about non computer scientists???
 - Difficult to understand what is going on during execution
 - Was it fast? Could it be even faster? Am I paying more than I should? (Efficiency)
 - Tune your application for each architecture (or cluster)
 - E.g. partitioning data among nodes



Motivation

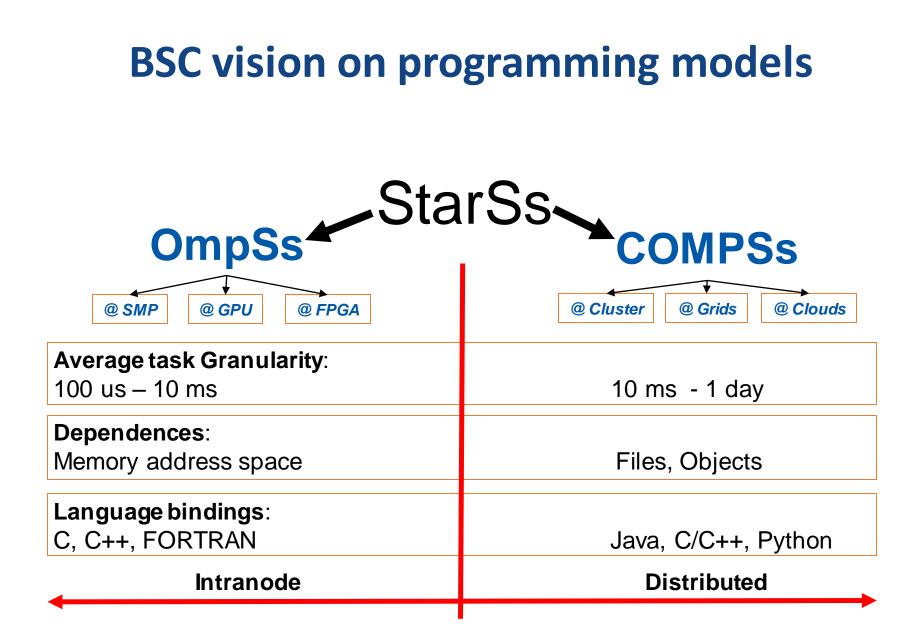
- Create tools that make developers' life easier
 - Allow developers to focus on their problem
 - Intermediate layer: let the difficult parts to those tools
 - Act on behalf of the user
 - Distribute the work through resources
 - Deal with architecture specifics
 - Automatically improve performance
 - Tools for visualization
 - Monitoring
 - Performance analysis



BSC vision on programming models

Program logic independent of computing platform **Applications** PM: High-level, clean, abstract interface General purpose Task based Single address space Power to the runtime Intelligent runtime, parallelization, API distribution, interoperability Cloud Barcelona



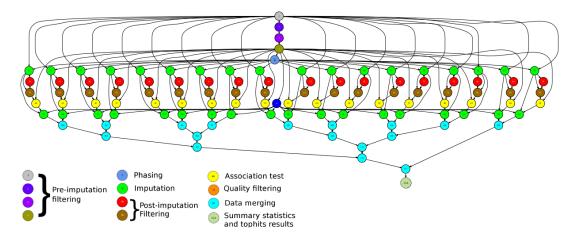




Programming with COMPSs

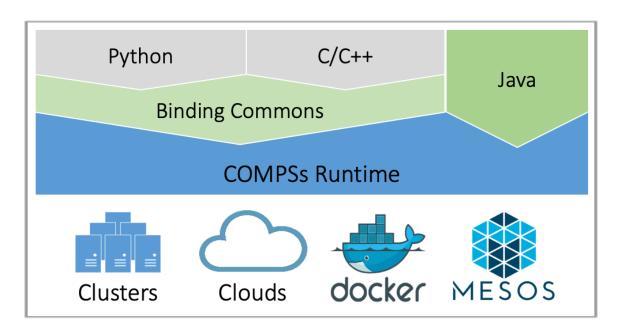
- Sequential programming
- General purpose programming language + annotations/hints
 - To identify tasks and directionality of data
- Task based: task is the unit of work
- Simple linear address space
- Builds a task graph at runtime that express potential concurrency
 - Implicit workflow
- Exploitation of parallelism
 - ... and of distant parallelism
- Agnostic of computing platform
 - Enabled by the runtime for clusters, clouds and grids





Programming with COMPSs

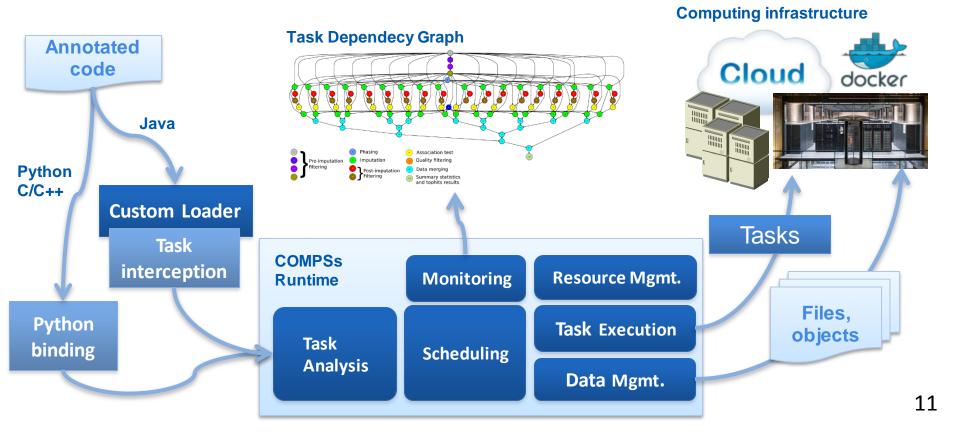
- Support for other types of parallelism
 - Threaded tasks (I.e., MKL kernels)
 - MPI applications -> tasks that involve several nodes
 - Integration with BSC OmpSs
- Available in MareNostrum, in the EGI Federated Cloud and in Chameleon Cloud





COMPSs runtime

- PyCOMPSs/COMPSs applications executed in distributed mode following the master-worker paradigm
- Sequential execution starts in master node
- Tasks are offloaded to worker nodes
- All data scheduling decisions and data transfers are performed by the runtime



PyCOMPSs development environment

- Runtime monitor
- Paraver traces

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THEAD 1.1.1 THEAD 1.2.2 THEAD 1.2.4 THEAD 1.3.1 THEAD 1.3.5 THEAD 1.4.4

HEAD 1.4.8

HEAD 1.5.3

NREAD 1.6.2

HREAD 1.7.1

HREAD 1.7.5

HEAD 1.7.9

HEAD 1.8.4

READ 1.9. READ 1.9.

createBlock

solve_triangular

potrf

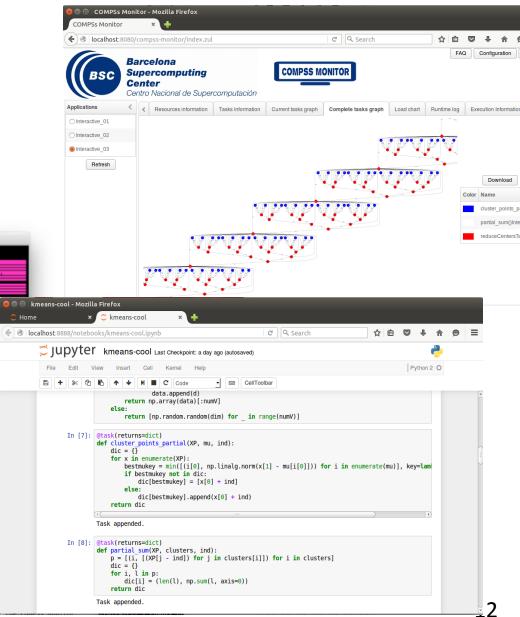
gemm

Jupyter-notebooks integration

What / Where

Timing

Compss Tasks @ cholesky.py_compss_trace_1504256615.prv



Projects where COMPSs is used/developed



Exa

Exascale Quantification of Uncertainties for Technology and Science Simulation





ELAGTIC





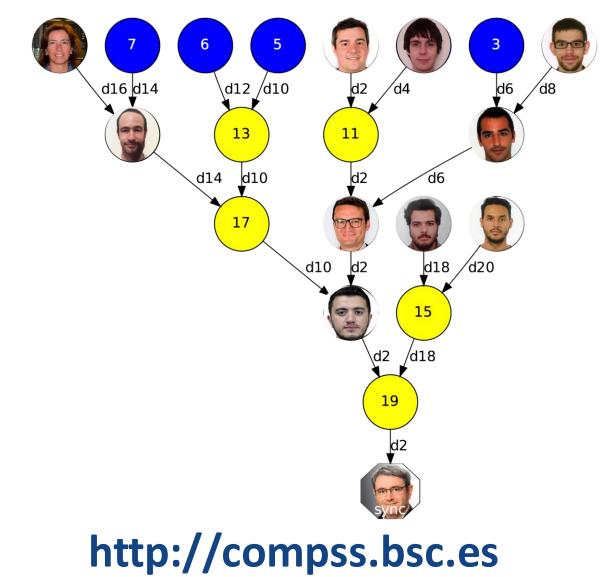


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The WDC team





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SETUP OF THE TUTORIAL ENVIRONMENT

Setup

- From Linux or Mac:
 - <u>https://pypi.org/project/pycompss-player/#quickstart</u>
 - 1. Install docker
 - 2. Install the PyCOMPS player for Docker: sudo python3 -m pip install pycompss-player
 - Optional (to reduce wait times) docker pull compss/compss-tutorial:2.6



Setup

- For windows
 - https://pypi.org/project/pycompss-player/#quickstart
 - 1. Download and Install Oracle VirtualBox https://www.virtualbox.org/
 - 2. Download the tutorial VM. <u>http://compss.bsc.es/releases/vms/COMPSs-2.6-tutorial.ova</u>
 - 3. Open VirtualBox and import the ova. Optional (but recommended to avoid large waiting times)
 - 4. Start de VM, log in (password is compss2019) and run: docker pull compss/compss-tutorial:2.6

Note: If the docker pull command fails be sure you have internet connection, the Docker service is running (sudo service docker start) and your user is in the docker group (sudo usermod -aG *docker* \$USER)



Start PyCOMPSs player

- Open a terminal in your linux/mac laptop or in the VM machine
- Get the tutorial examples: git clone <u>https://github.com/bsc-wdc/tutorial apps.git</u>
- Start PyCOMPss player with the tutorial's image: pycompss init -i compss/compss-tutorial:2.6
- Start COMPSs monitor
 pycompss monitor start
- Open browser with URL: http://127.0.0.1:8080/compss-monitor
- Start Jupyter notebook with tutorial apps cd tutorial_apps/python pycompss jupyter ./notebooks
- Open browser with URL: <u>http://127.0.0.1:8888/</u> or <u>http://localhost:8888/</u>

